

# Mobile Programming for Educators

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# The Lively Sketchbook





- Ubiquity
- Intimacy
- Embeddedness

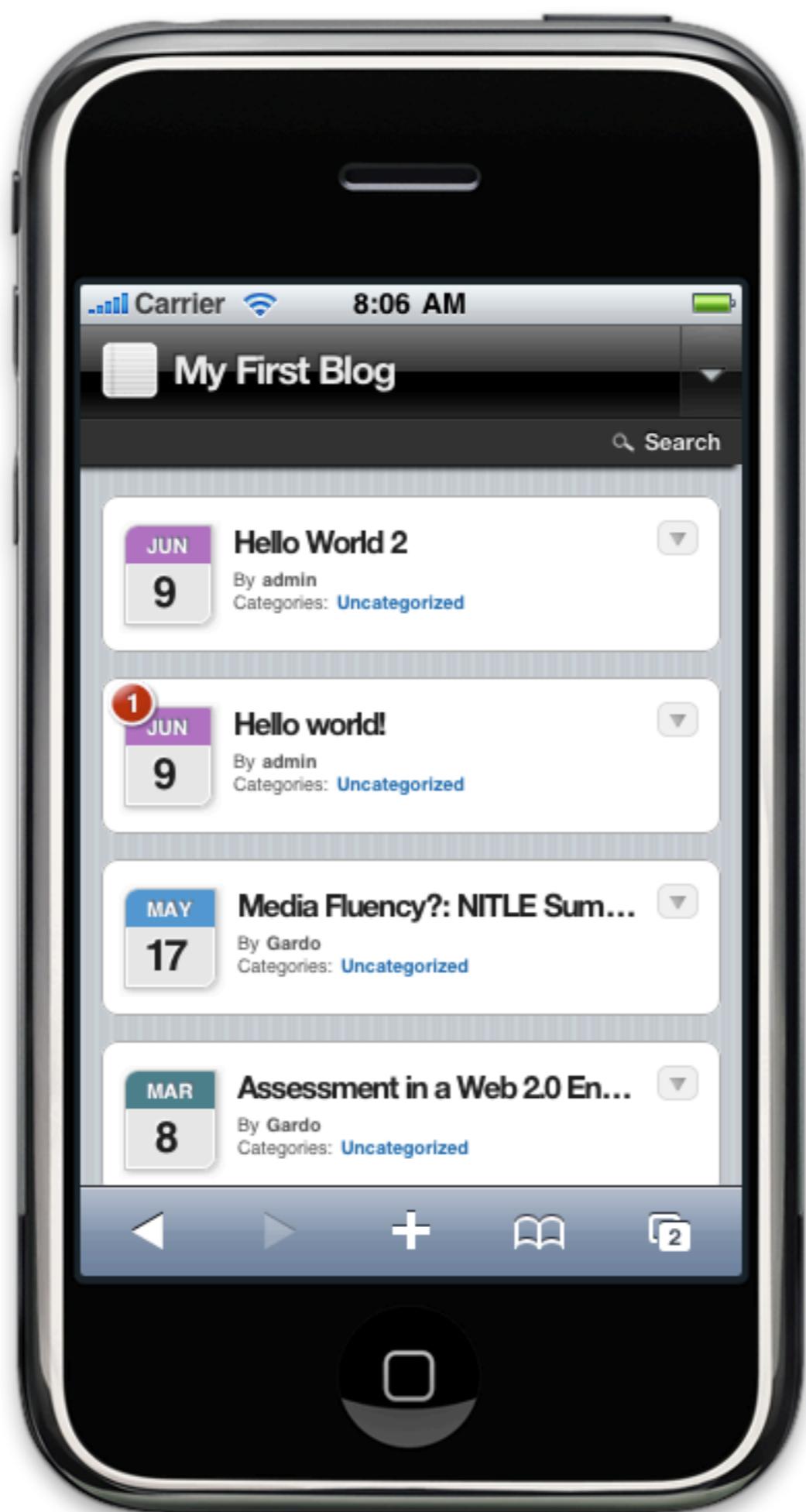


# The Feed App – On The Server and the Phone

# Installing Wordpress

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- Install MAMP – <http://www.mamp.info/en/index.html>
- Install WordPress – <http://wordpress.org/>
  - Unzip into MAMP's htdocs folder;
  - Create a database in MAMP;
  - Go to <http://localhost:8888/wordpress/> to create your WordPress site
    - Use the database you've created and "root" as your user
- Login and go to the Plugins folder, then add:
  - WPtouch iPhone Theme
  - FeedWordPress



# The Feed App On The Phone

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- Launch Dashcode
- Choose the RSS template for Mobile Safari
- Add a feed URL
- Add a title and offline viewing capability
- Add a web clip icon via drag-and-dropping an image
  - At least 57 pixels square, no shine or gloss
  - Note: a bug in Dashcode means that you may need to copy this icon into the Images folder by hand
- Save the project to disk, and test it.



## My RSS Feed

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 9, 2010

### Media Fluency?: NITLE Sum...

In late March of this year I was privileged to speak...

### Assessment in a Web 2.0 Envi...

I agree in principle that we who work in education ...

### Gratitude and clarifications

First, my thanks to everyone who responded to my...

### Changing lives

I keep running into the same wall from different di...

### Another bootstrapping experi...

Today's the second day we'll meet. Already the acti...

### A happy birthday

Today the father of interactive computing, the thin...

### "In Our Time" podcast series o...

There's a new set of four episodes from BBC Radio...

# A Bit Of User Interface Design

# The Wisdom of Apple

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- Expect to spend about 60% of your total time designing the app
- Read the Human Interface Guidelines
  - <http://developer.apple.com/iphone/library/navigation/index.html>
- Three key steps:
  - Define your focus - i.e., define the solution you're creating
  - Refine the feature set
  - Determine your users' mental model

# Some Key Elements of the HIG

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- Minimum target: 22 pixels vertically, 44 pixels square
- Navigation follows a tree model, emphasized by visual animation - no home button or breadcrumbs
- Upper left corner navigates up the tree, upper right corner modifies/adds items
- Lists:
  - Ungrouped: textual – all items at a given level
  - Grouped: text + icons – classify and group items
- Pickers:
  - 12 items optimal
- Toolbars:
  - Icons only – correspond to tools
- Tab bars:
  - Text and icons – switch between different modes, groupings
- Buttons:
  - Have rounded corners to encourage tapping
- Animation:
  - Use to provide feedback
- Aesthetics:
  - Keep the look and feel clean and uncluttered
  - Emphasize tactile design
  - Prioritize

# The Handheld Database

# Creating the Database App

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- Select the Browser template, and complete the basic fields
- Test the app
- Edit your datasource:
  - Add an image field (*imageLocation*) to *sampleData.js*
  - Add the images (e.g., in a folder labeled *Photos*)
  - Refresh the datasource
- Add an image part (*parkImage*) to the *detailLevel*
- In the "list" Data Source view, bind the *imageLocation* to the *src* of *parkImage*
- Add a Map Button (*parkMap*) to the *detailLevel*, and bind:
  - *location* to the *state* of *parkMap*
  - *name* to the *address* of *parkMap*



# Getting Input

# Building a Calculator

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- Select the Custom Project template
- Add two Text Field parts (*numberOne*, *numberTwo*) to the *content* area
- Add a Text part (*resultSum*) below them
- Add a Lozenge Button (*calcSum*) below them
- Add an onclick event to *calcSum*
- Add the following code to the *myClickHandler*:

```
var firstnum = parseFloat(document.getElementById("numberOne").value);
var secondnum = parseFloat(document.getElementById("numberTwo").value);
var thesum = firstnum + secondnum;
document.getElementById("resultSum").value = thesum.toFixed(4);
```

# Adding Memory

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- Add to the load() function:

```
var oldfirstnum = localStorage.getItem("first_num");
var oldsecondnum = localStorage.getItem("second_num");
document.getElementById("numberOne").value = oldfirstnum;
document.getElementById("numberTwo").value = oldsecondnum;
```

- Add to myClickHandler:

```
localStorage.setItem("first_num", firstnum);
localStorage.setItem("second_num", secondnum);
```



# Visualizing Data and Getting Images

# Ingredients for Visualization

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- Download the jqPlot library at <http://www.jqplot.com/>
- Drag the three key components into the Files window:
  - On a Custom template, add:
    - A Lozenge Button (*visualizeIt*)
    - A Text part (*tableSetup*)
    - An empty div (*chartdiv*):

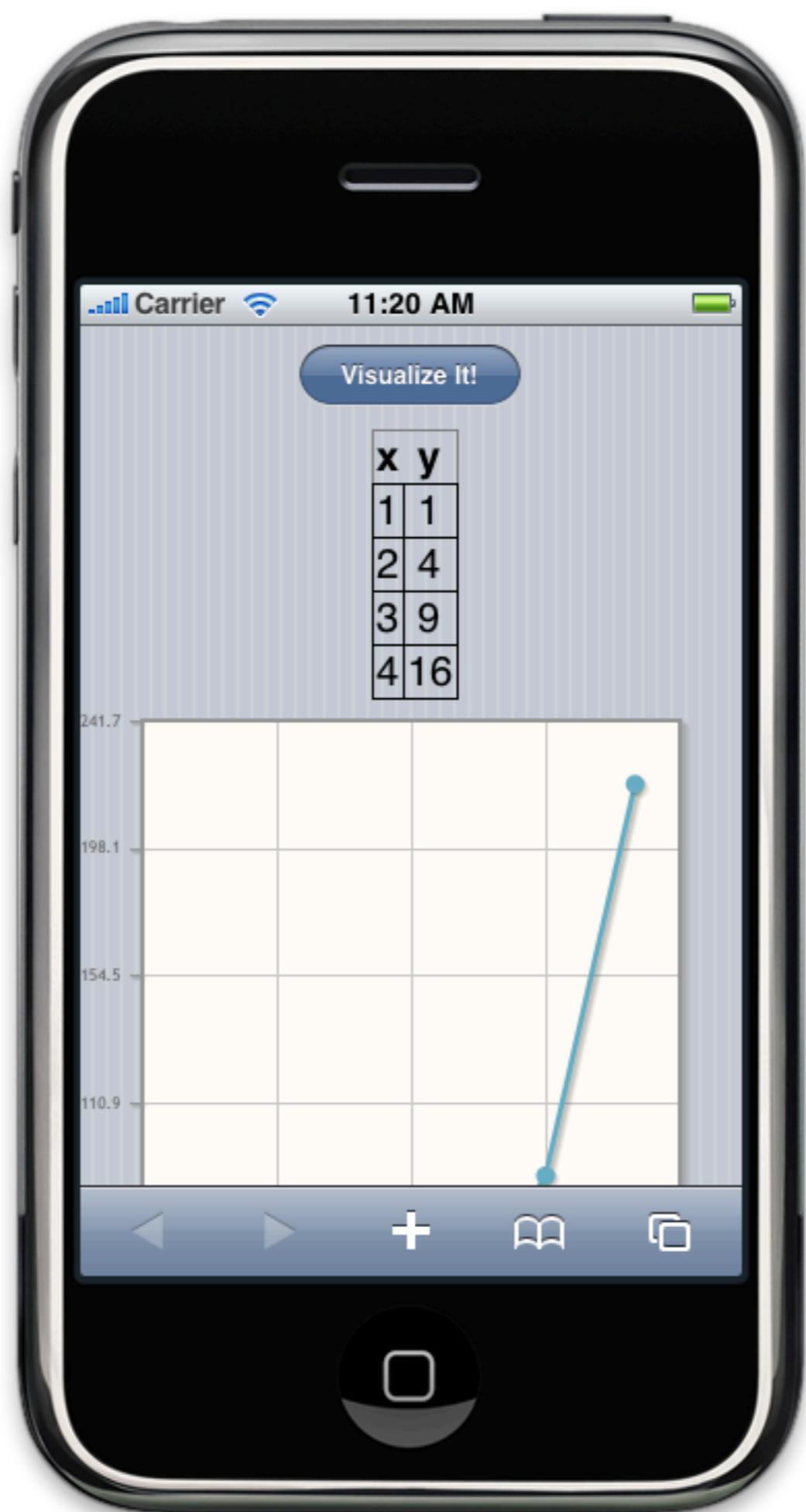
```
<div id="chartdiv" style="height:400px; width:300px; "></div>
```

      - This last component will need to be typed in by hand
  - Make the changes to *main.js* and *main.css* shown in the next page:



```
1  /*
2   * This file was generated by Dashcode.
3   * You may edit this file to customize your widget or web page
4   * according to the license.txt file included in the project.
5   */
6
7  //
8  // Function: load()
9  // Called by HTML body element's onload event when the web application is ready to start
10 //
11 function load()
12 {
13     dashcode.setupParts();
14 }
15
16 function myClickHandler(event)
17 {
18     var tablearray = [[1,1],[2,4],[3,9],[4,16]];
19     var tablebegin = "<table id='myTable'><tr><th scope='col'>x</th><th scope='col'>y</th></tr>";
20     var tableend = "</table>";
21     var tablecontent = "";
22
23     for (var i = 0; i < tablearray.length; i++)
24     {
25         xelement = "<td>" + tablearray[i][0] + "</td>";
26         yelement = "<td>" + tablearray[i][1] + "</td>";
27         tablerow = "<tr>" + xelement + yelement + "</tr>";
28         tablecontent = tablecontent + tablerow;
29     }
30
31     document.getElementById("tableSetup").innerHTML = tablebegin + tablecontent + tableend;
32
33     $.jqplot('chartdiv', [[[1, 2],[3,5.12],[5,13.1],[7,33.6],[9,85.9],[11,219.9]]]);
34 }
```

```
68
69 table {
70     border-collapse: collapse;
71     border-style: solid;
72     border-width: 1px;
73 }
74
75 td {
76     border-style: solid;
77     border-width: 1px;
78 }
79
```



# Accessing Native Functions: the Photo Library

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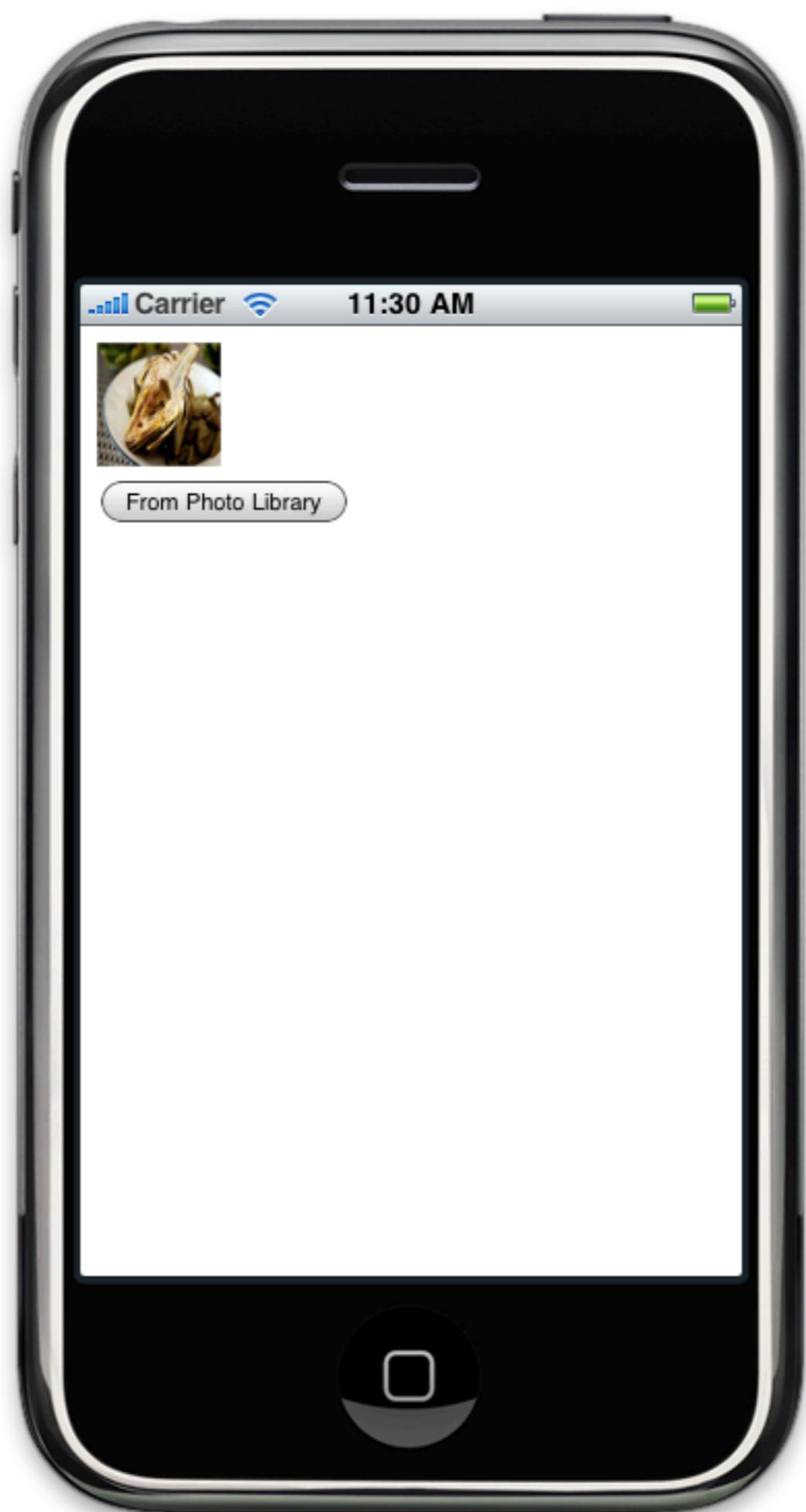
- Decompress PhoneGap (*phonegap-iphone.zip*)
- Install it by double-clicking on *PhoneGapLibInstaller.pkg*
- Should this not work, full instructions for an alternative install are available at:  
[http://phonegap.pbworks.com/Getting-Started-with-PhoneGap-\(iPhone\)](http://phonegap.pbworks.com/Getting-Started-with-PhoneGap-(iPhone))
  - This alternative install will require that you install Git first:  
<http://code.google.com/p/git-osx-installer/downloads/list>
- Launch XCode, and create a PhoneGap project
- Modify the index.html file (inside the www folder) as shown in the next page
- When running the finished code under iPhone Simulator 3.1.3, make sure to choose an image that is not one of the photos included with the simulator – due to a bug in the simulator, these photos will not work

```
index2.html:34 <body id="stage" class="theme">
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN"
 "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd">
<html>
<head>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=320; user-scalable=no" />
<meta http-equiv="Content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
<title>PhoneGap Photo Library</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="master.css" type="text/css" media="screen" title="no title" charset="utf-8">
<script type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8" src="phonegap.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8">

    function PictureSourceType() {};
    PictureSourceType.PHOTO_LIBRARY = 0;
    PictureSourceType.CAMERA = 1;

    function getPicture(sourceType)
    {
        var options = { quality: 10 };
        if (sourceType != undefined) {
            options["sourceType"] = sourceType;
        }
        navigator.camera.getPicture(getPicture_Success, null, options);
    };

    function getPicture_Success(imageData)
    {
        document.getElementById("test_img").src = "data:image/jpeg;base64," + imageData;
    }
</script>
</head>
<body id="stage" class="theme">
    <img style="width:60px;height:60px" id="test_img" src="" /><br/>
    <button onclick="getPicture(PictureSourceType.PHOTO_LIBRARY)">From Photo Library</button><br />
</body>
</html>
```



# Hippasus

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