SAMR and TPCK: Intro to Advanced Practice

Ruben R. Puentedura, Ph.D.

The SAMR Model

Redefinition

Tech allows for the creation of new tasks, previously inconceivable

Modification

Tech allows for significant task redesign

Augmentation

Tech acts as a direct tool substitute, with functional improvement

Substitution

Tech acts as a direct tool substitute, with no functional change

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Modification Tech allows for significant task redesign

Augmentation Tech acts as a direct tool substitute, with functional improvement

Substitution



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	The Tragedy of Macbeth Shakespeare homepage Macbeth	
Entire play in one page		
Act 1, Scene 1: A desert place.		
Act 1, Scene 2: A camp near Forres.		
Act 1, Scene 3: A heath near Forres.		
Act 1, Scene 4: Forres. The palace.		
Act 1, Scene 5: Inverness, Macbeth's	caste.	
Act 1, Scene 6: Before Macheth's ca	de.	
Act 1, Scene 7: Macbeth's castle.		
Act 2. Scene 1: Court of Macheth's o	estle.	
Act 2, Scene 2: The same,		
Act 2, Scene 3: The same.		
Act 2, Scene 4: Outside Macheth's co	sie.	
Act 3. Scene 1: Forres. The palace.		
Act 3, Scene 2: The palace,		
Act 3, Scene 3: A park near the palac	c.	
Act 3, Scene 4: The same. Hall in the	palace.	
Act 3, Scene 5: A Heath.		
Act 3, Scene 6: Forres. The palace.		
Act 4, Scene 1: A cavern. In the mid	fie, a boiling cauldron.	
Act 4, Scene 2: File. Macduff's castle		
Act 4, Scene 3: England. Before the	King's palace.	
Act 5, Scene 1: Dursinane, Ante-mo	m in the castle.	
Act 5, Scene 2: The country near Du	rsinane.	
Act 5, Scene 3: Dunsinane, A room	n the castle,	
Act 5 Scene & Country near Biman	wood.	

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Modification Tech allows for significant task redesign



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Modification Tech allows for significant task redesign

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ages = 080808 Festival = Performances = Programme = RL access nodes	Updiage is a web-based venue for online performance; open source server application that has been in developme 2003. The second version of the software was develop funding from the Community Partnership Fund of the New government's Digital Strategy and released in June 2007.	it is an nt since red with Zealand
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Augmentation Tech acts as a direct tool substitute, with functional improvement

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The TPCK Model







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TPCK + SAMR As Process

Advanced Strategies

Three Key Curricular Areas

- The Connected Approach to Learning
 - Connections between subject areas
 - Connections within subject areas
- Asking how we know what we know
 - Ways of knowing in the humanities, arts, sciences, and mathematics
 - Nonsense detection filters
- Integrating theoretical domains with applied practice
 - Micro theory into macro observation
 - Macro theories into micro observation

Connections Between Subject Areas Example: Analytic Narrative

Connections Between Subject Areas Example: the Social Sciences

Connections Within Subject Areas Example: Visual Arts

Connections Within Subject Areas Example: Literature

 "What binds the authors together in an intellectual community is the great conversation in which they are engaged. In the works that come later in the sequence of years, we find authors listening to what their predecessors have had to say about this idea or that, this topic or that. They not only harken to the thought of their predecessors, they also respond to it by commenting on it in a variety of ways."

Mortimer Adler, "The Great Conversation Revisited"

Ways of Knowing Example: the Process of Science

Ways of Knowing Example: Making Sense of Historical Evidence

Making Sense of Evidence

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Making Sense of Documents

Making Sense of Oral History

Written by Linda Shopes, this guide presents an overview of oral history and ways historians use it, tips on what questions to ask when reading or... [more]

Making Sense of Films

Written by Tom Gunning, this guide offers an overview of early twentieth-century film and how historians use it, tips on what questions to ask when... <u>[more]</u>

Making Sense of Maps

This guide offers an overview of the history of maps and how historians use them, a breakdown of the elements of a map, tips on what questions to ask... [more]

Making Sense of Numbers

Written by Gary J. Kornblith, this guide offers an overview of quantitative methods, how historians use historical data, and step-by-step... [more]

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This guide offers an overview of letters and diaries as historical sources and how historians use them, tips on what questions to ask when reading... [more]

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Making Sense of American Popular Song

Written by Ronald G. Walters and John Spitzer, Making Sense of American Popular Song provides a place for students and teachers to begin working with... [mpre]

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In this guide, James Curtis helps students and teachers understand the documentary images that often illustrate textbooks but are almost never... [more]

Scholars in Action

Analyzing an 1804 Inventory

In this interview Barbara Clark Smith discusses strategies for analyzing household possessions, specifically a 1804 inventory of the possessions of... [more]

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Analyzing Political Cartoons

In this interview, Michael O'Malley discusses strategies for interpreting political cartoons, specifically an 1876 Thomas Nast cartoon. The cartoon... [more]

Analyzing Blues Songs

In this interview, Lawrence Levine discusses strategies for listening to and interpreting music, specifically two blues songs, "Two White Horses... [more]

Analyzing Photographs

In this interview, Frank Goodyear discusses strategies for interpreting an 1853 photograph of Niagara Falls taken by Platt Babbitt. The daguerreotype... [more]

Analyzing Letters

In this interview, Teresa Murphy discusses strategies for reading letters, specifically three 19th-century letters written by labor activist,... [more]

Analyzing Abolitionist Speeches

In this interview, Carla Peterson discusses strategies for interpreting speeches, specifically abolitionist speeches. These two speeches, one by... [more]

Analyzing a Melville Story

In this interview Hans Bergmann discusses strategies for interpreting literature, specifically a short story by Herman Melville published in 1853.... [more]

Analyzing a Colonial Newspaper

This interview with Barbara Clark Smith discusses strategies for interpreting colonial period newspaper coverage, specifically a 1775 article about a... [more]

Nonsense Detection Filters Example: Dashboards, Radars, Filters

Nonsense Detection Filters Example: Debunking Pseudo-Scientific Analysis

Integrating Theory and Practice Example: Pure Math/Applied Math

Integrating Theory and Practice Example: Sociological Theory/Network Analysis

Multirelational organization of large-scale social networks in an online world

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The capacity to collect fingerprints of individuals in online media has revolutionized the way researchers explore human society. Social systems can be seen as a nonlinear superposition of a multitude of complex social networks, where nodes represent individuals and links capture a variety of different social relations. Much emphasis has been put on the network topology of social interactions, however, the multidimensional nature of these interactions has largely been ignored, mostly because of lack of data. Here, for the first time, we analyze a complete, multirelational, large social network of a society consisting of the 300,000 odd players of a massive multiplayer online game. We extract networks of six different types of one-to-one interactions between the players. Three of them carry a positive connotation (friendship, communication, trade), three a negative (enmity, armed aggression, punishment). We first analyze these types of networks as separate entities and find that negative interactions differ from positive interactions by their lower reciprocity, weaker clustering, and fatter-tail degree distribution. We then explore how the interdependence of different network types determines the organization of the social system. In particular, we study correlations and overlap between different types of links and demonstrate the tendency of individuals to play different roles in different networks. As a demonstration of the power of the approach, we present the first empirical large-scale verification of the long-standing structural balance theory, by focusing on the specific multiplex network of friendship and enmity relations.

complex networks | multiplex relations | quantitative sociology

uman societies can be regarded as large numbers of locally interacting agents, connected by a broad range of social and economic relationships. These relational ties are highly diverse in nature and can represent, e.g., the feeling a person has for another (friendship, enmity, love), communication, exchange of goods (trade), or behavioral interactions (cooperation or punishment). Each type of relation spans a social network of its own. A systemic understanding of a whole society can only be achieved by understanding these individual networks and how they influence and coconstruct each other. The shape of one network influences the topologies of the others, as networks of one type may act as a

Fig. 1. Multiplex networks consist of a fixed set of nodes connected by different types of links. This multirelational aspect is usually neglected in the analysis of large social networks. In our MMOG dataset, six types of social links can exist between any two players, representing their friendship or enmity relations, their exchanged private messages, their trading activity, their one-to-one aggressive acts against each other (attacks), and their placing of head money (bounties) on other players as, e.g., means of punishment.

in the organization of large-scale networks. For example, the existence of different link types between agents explains the overlap of community structures observed in social networks, where nodes may belong to several communities, each associated to one different type of interaction (5, 6). Methodological work on multiplex networks includes the development of multiplex community detection (7), clustering (8), and other network analysis algorithms (9). The role of multiple relation types in measured social networks has recently been investigated across communication media (10), in an online game (11), as well as in ecological networks (12).

Traditional methods of social science, such as small-scale questionnaire-based approaches, get more and more replaced by automated methods of data collection which allow for entirely different scales of analysis (13–15). This change of scale has opened new perspectives and has the potential to radically transform our understanding of social dynamics and organization (16). The empirical verification of social theories such as the strength of weak ties (17, 18) become possible with hitherto unthinkable levels of precision. However, this large-scale perspective suffers from the drawback of a relatively coarse-grained representation SOCIAL SCIENC

APPLIED PHYSIC

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- SAMR Examples:
 - The Tragedy of Macbeth (text hosted at MIT) http://shakespeare.mit.edu/macbeth/index.html
 - Flickr Shakespeare Group http://www.flickr.com/groups/shakespeare/
 - Many Eyes
 http://manyeyes.alphaworks.ibm.com/manyeyes/
 - UpStage http://upstage.org.nz/blog/?page_id=2
 - Macbeth Island Flythrough http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8QNxe2gePEQ
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 - National Council of Teachers of Mathematics Lessons and Resources http://www.nctm.org/resources/default.aspx?id=230
 - Center for Applied Linguistics CALdigests http://www.cal.org/resources/digest/index.html
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 http://www.apple.com/support/ilife/
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